2025: YTD Tariff Domino Effect

January 26
Threat of tariffs on Colombia: retracted

February 3 30 day pause on Canada & Mexico 25% February 4 China 10% IEEPA begins February 4
China retaliates
w/15% on energy
& 10% on crude
ag machinery,
large engines

February 25
Copper 232
investigation
opens
PENDING

March 1 Lumber/ Timber/ Paper 232 investigation opens PENDING

March 4 25% Canada/ Mexico IEEPA begins (energy reduced to 10%)

March 4 China IEEPA doubled to 20% March 4
Canada
retaliates with
tariffs on
range of US
goods. (list 1)

March 5th
1 month
exemption from
Canada &
Mexico 25% for
US automakers

March 6
USMCA goods exempt
from 25% Canada &
Mexico tariff. 25% on
non-qualifying goods
(10% energy)

March 10 China retaliates again with up to 15% on US ag/farm exports.

March 12
Steel at 25%,
aluminum raised by
10% to 25%.
Removes all
exemptions.

March 12
If S&A tariff paid,
goods exempt from
reciprocal tariffs.

March 12
EU retaliatory duties
on wide range of US
goods beginning April
15
4/11 EU Pauses

March 24 25% tariff on countries buying Venezuelan oil/gas PENDING

April 1 Pharma 232 investigation opens PENDING April 2
President
announces
Global
Reciprocal
tariffs at 10% 50%

April 3
25% tariff on autos & auto parts.
Expanding thru May 3

April 3
Canada
announces
25% retaliatory
tariffs on US
vehicles

April 4
China announces
34% tariff on all
US goods
effective April 10
125% announced
4/11

April 4
Beer cans
added to
S&A tariff
list

April 5 Global Reciprocal tariffs at 10%

April 5
USMCA exemption
extended
indefinitely/25% for
non-qualifying goods
from Canada & Mexico

April 9
Global 10%
Reciprocal
tariffs rise for
countries with
higher rates
(10-50%)

April 9
US announces
additional
84% tariff for
China

April 10 Global Reciprocal tariffs reduced to 10% for 90 days except China at 125%

April 5, 9, 10 departure & May 27 / June 16 Arrival Exemption opportunity

April 11
Semiconductor
232
investigation
opens
PENDING

April 11
semiconductor
exemptions
announced
RETROACTIVE
to April 5

April 11 CBP announces fix to date exemption for reciprocal tariffs April 17
USTR
announces
China Ships
fees; 1st set to
begin Oct. 14

April 22
Critical Minerals
232
investigation
opens
PENDING

April 22
Medium & heavy
duty truck and
part 232
investigation
opens PENDING

April 29
First stacking rule announced (auto, CA/MX, S&A)
RETROACTIVE to March 4

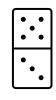
May 1
Aircraft and
aircraft part
232
investigation
opens
PENDING

May 2 End of de minimis exemption for China & Hong Kong May 8
US announces
UK future tariff
deal: 0% S&A
tariff & 10%
reciprocal







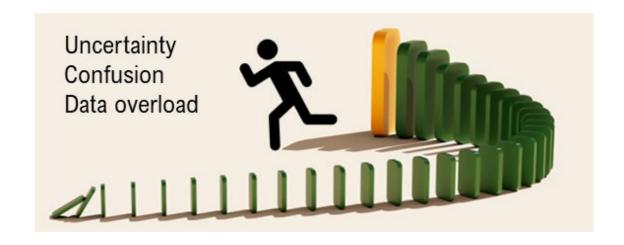


58 Notable Compliance Obligations to Track

May 8
US announces
UK future tariff
deal: 0% S&A
tariff & 10%
reciprocal

May 9
CBP updates FAQs
clarifying S&A tariffs:
if any S&A duty paid,
100% exempt from
reciprocal until June 4

May 14 China reciprocal rate lowered to 10%



May 15
Updated list of energy HTS codes subject to reduced 10%Canada IEEPA tariff

May 23
Administration
announces
European
reciprocals to
rise to 50% on
June 1

May 25
Administration
delays
European
reciprocal rise
to 50% to July 9

May 28 CIT rules IEEPA tariffs unlawful May 29
Federal Circuit
stay on CIT
ruling

May 31
US extends
301 exclusions
expiring on
May 31 to
August 31

June 3
Commerce opens
"inclusions"
process - +500
HTS codes may
be added to S&A
tariff list

June 4 25% S&A tariff rises to 50% (25% UK / 200% Russia); * only S&A cost dutiable; CBP publishes wrong HTS code list

June 4 S&A Tariff Stacking Priority Changes: Auto / S&A / CA & MX

June 9 50% S & A tariff: CBP publishes corrected HTS code list

July 9 Milestone: Reciprocal 10% pause expires June 10
Potential deal
with Mexico to
lower or
eliminate S&A
tariff with quotas
rumored

June 10
Federal Circuit
upholds stay
on CIT ruling
IEEPA tariffs
unlawful

June 11
US announces
potential future
China trade deal;
pegs IEEPA +
reciprocal at 55%

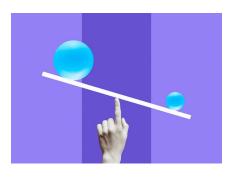
June 12
Administration
announces
auto tariffs
may rise to
50%

June 23 25%
S&A tariff:
new HTS
codes added
for appliances
and wire rack

August 12 Milestone: China Reciprocal 10% expires

Mid August Milestone: CIT ruling appeal s/b finalized

2025 Tariffs - Where are we today?



Reciprocal Tariffs

- ✓ April 5 : 10% for all countries til 7/9 ARRIVALS
- ✓ May 14: China 10% til 8/12 ARRIVALS (deal done)
- ✓ Pending individual country deals (deal w/UK only)



China IEEPA

- ✓ Effective March 4: 20%
- ✓ Unlikely to be reduced



Auto / Parts 25% Tariff

Canada / Mexico 25% Tariff

✓ Effective April 3rd : 25% / threatened increase to 50%

✓ April 5: USMCA goods exempt

√ 25% on rest, except energy at 10%



China Ships Fees

- Substantial fees added beginning October 14
- Carriers bill fwd to BCOs



Steel & Aluminum 50% Tariff

- ✓ June 4: increase to 50% on S&A cost only
- ✓ Non-S&A cost subject to reciprocal





< \$800

De Minimis Ends

- ✓ Effective May 2nd
- Unlikely to be reversed

Tariff Stacking — Steel & Aluminum / China

SAMPLE PRODUCT:

- ✓ Steel cost = \$1.00 X 95% duty
- ✓ Non-steel cost + overhead + labor + profit margin = \$0.50 X 55%
- ✓ Total product item value = \$1.50
- ✓ Total duty per piece = \$1.225

Tariff
Stacking:
Steel &
Aluminum



95.0% *On steel value



55.0%
*On non-steel value

Non-Steel

value only!

Steel value

only!

+ 10% Reciprocal - May 14, 2025

+ 50% Steel & Aluminum – June 4, 2025

+ 10% IEEPA - March 4, 2025

+ 10% IEEPA - February 4, 2025

+ 25% Section 301 - 2018

0% Base Duty Rate
7318.15.4000 Machine screws from China

Visit <u>www.bgiworldwide.com</u> to learn more about our end-to-end supply chain solutions.

The GOOD News: Exemptions!!!!!!!!!!!!

- □ Exemptions from reciprocal tariffs for steel & aluminum goods; 100% prior to 6/4
 □ Old & new tariff stacking exemptions. Back to 3/4
 □ CBP's systems weren't calculating duty properly
- calculating duty properly and wrong HTS codes sometimes included
- 232 tariffs on non-steel and aluminum costs after June 4 change
- USMCA-qualified exemption from Canada / Mexico duties

General Categories of Opportunities

Exemptions – there are lots of them!

And this was super confusing.

No broker's software was prepared for these tariffs.

|| Most were / are managing manually at least some of the time.

Missed exemptions are understandable & likely.

Use ACE reports / broker reports to audit for refunds!

BGI can help! Leverage their resources for opportunities.





- Annex II reciprocal exemptions & semicon / electronics reciprocal exemptions RETROACTIVE to 4/5
- □ Reductions to tariff rates on various dates
- □ Steel and aluminum tariffs overpaid on non-steel and aluminum derivative costs prior to June 4 change
- ☐ ETD exemptions for tariffs.

 Check against 12:01 am

 EST ATD
- ☐ Section 301 exclusions
- ☐ US steel, US content & Chapter 98 goods

Steel & Aluminum Best Practices

- 1. Make sure you are not over-declaring costs or overpaying duty
- 2. Confirm the HTS code for your product is accurate. This is the only way you'll know whether the new steel and aluminum duties should apply to your goods. See our handy steel and aluminum tariff lookup tool to simplify the process!
- 3. Confirm the country of origin of the steel or aluminum: the country of smelt AND cast for aluminum or melt and pour for steel
- 4. Confirm whether your products contain steel or aluminum. If your product is on the aluminum derivative list, for example, but does not contain any aluminum, the duties do not apply to your product.
- 5. Calculate the cost of the steel & aluminum components in your products. See our handy calculator!
- 6. Gather and save data to back up your claims, including value calculations, certificates to prove origin, etc.
- 7. Notify your suppliers to include these new data points on all commercial invoices. See our commercial invoice template!
- 8. Share the data you gather with your brokers to ensure compliant entry filing and spot check entries for accuracy
- 9. The broker can file a post summary correction to fix errors and claim back overpaid duty
- Be ready for additional HTS codes to be added to the derivatives list. A process is in place for HTS codes to be added +500 HTS codes under consideration. Smart bet to gather data for all products that contain potential 232 components

CIT Ruled IEEPA Tariffs Unlawful

If the ruling eventually stands, which tariff actions are impacted?

- De Minimis Ban on China
- Canada and Mexico 25%
 - China 20% IEEPA
 - Reciprocal tariffs

If the ruling eventually stands, which tariff actions are not impacted?

- Section 301 duties (7.5% and 25%)
- Section 232 duties (like Steel and Aluminum tariff)

What can you do today to ensure duty refunds if ruling stands?

Monitor liquidations & file protests. (get help if you don't know how)

What's next?

Mid-August appeal ruling. Then likely heard at the Supreme Court.

Dates to Watch



June 23 – new HTS codes added to steel and aluminum list (appliances and wire rack)



July 9 – reciprocal reduction to 10% ends. Administration says date will likely be extended for 18 countries in negotiations, but rest will revert to original, higher rate.



August 12 – China reciprocal reduction to 10% ends, but deal framework now in place.



Mid-August – appeals ruling on CIT ruling that declared IEEPA tariffs unlawful



August 31 – Section 301 exclusions expire



October 14 – China Ships fees begin



"Soon" – addition of HTS codes to steel and Aluminum list / finalizing deals with the UK and China / finalizing reciprocal tariff deals with the 18 target countries and assigning reciprocal rates to all others

2025 Tariffs – What's Next?

- Expect tariffs on more steel and aluminum products
- ✓ Almost 800 AD/CVD cases in place now. Almost 100 investigations under way and CBP anticipates this number will continue to climb. Expect AD/CVD cases to expand and have a plan for managing.
- ✓ **Deal making ongoing now on reciprocal tariffs** confusing horizon with little information available. Some deals hint at elimination or lowering of steel/aluminum tariffs baked into deals (e.g. Mexico and the UK). 18 country list not published.
- Section 232 tariffs on copper, lumber, paper, trucks, aircraft, critical minerals, pharma & semiconductors
- Doubling of auto tariffs
- Additional global retaliatory duties on US exports depending on result of reciprocal "deals"
- Circumvention concerns may drive additional tariffs on Chinese companies operating in other countries
- Fighting Trade Cheats Act & similar legislation: tough penalties and import bans on trade compliance violators
- Mid-august appeals ruling on CIT ruling IEEPA unlawful: likely will eventually go to the Supreme Court

What can I do to keep balance in my supply chain?

- 1. Form a strategic relationship with your broker
- 2. Check your bond! May become more difficult to secure / application process challenging
- 3. Engage trusted advisors: fact check, get intel on strategies others are leveraging, use their tools to audit data
- 4. **Vendor Compliance:** require suppliers to certify origins, steel & aluminum values, component sourcing, etc.
- 5. Move Slowly: limit heavy investment in any single-source. Measure logistics costs & lead time for new source locations
- 6. Stay Compliant: CBP & DHS will strictly enforce compliance & recordkeeping; expect increased scrutiny & penalties
- 7. Optimize Transportation: save where you can; ensure your international and domestic transportation is optimized
- 8. **Get your arms around systems and data:** get on ACE, may the supply chain, audit broker data for savings
- 9. **Pursue all drawback opportunities** –limited with respect to some of the new tariffs, but don't leave \$\$\$ on the table!
- 10. Explore bonded warehousing, FTZ's, better foreign to foreign routings, First Sale, tariff and origin engineering



Need support as you navigate the new tariffs?

Call us! BGI Can Help.

kkenney@k2tradesolutions.com

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